

CNS State-By-State Practice Rights

In 46 U.S. states and territories, CNSs can legally practice some level of personalized nutrition counseling.

In 19 of those jurisdictions, CNSs are typically eligible for state licensure or certification because the state requirements closely align with the education, experience, and exam requirements for the CNS credential. In most of these jurisdictions, an applicant must submit evidence of their education, experience, and examination to the state, not simply proof of their CNS credential.

*Note: Jurisdictions include the 50 US states + DC, Guam, and Puerto Rico for a total of 53 jurisdictions.

State Listings

20 jurisdictions (17 states + 3 territories) where CNSs are recognized; in 19, they are typically eligible for licensure or certification. (Note: Not all jurisdictions define MNT, though it may be included in the definition of the practice of nutrition and dietetics or similar language. Also, state definitions of MNT vary.)

- 1. Alaska (Licensure; title protection/no exclusive scope)
- 2. Connecticut (Certification; title protection/no exclusive scope)
- 3. <u>Delaware</u> (Licensure; exclusive scope, license reqd. for "practice of dietetics and nutrition therapy", no specific mention of MNT)
- 4. District of Columbia (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed regd. for MNT)
- 5. Florida (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed regd. for MNT)
- 6. Guam (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed reqd. for MNT)
- 7. <u>Illinois</u> (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed reqd. for MNT)
- 8. <u>Kentucky</u> (Licensure for dietitians, certification for nutritionists; title protection/ exclusive scope *with VERY broad exceptions*)
- 9. Maryland (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed reqd. for MNT)
- 10. Massachusetts (Licensure; title protection/no exclusive scope)
- Minnesota (Licensure; exclusive scope to engage in "dietetics or nutrition practice", no mention of MNT; broad exemption for alternative and complementary care providers)
- 12. New Jersey (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed reqd. for MNT once licenses are available. Bill implementation in progress; as of April 2024, the board is in rules and regulations stage)
- 13. New Mexico* (Licensure; exclusive scope for "nutrition or dietetics practice", no mention of MNT; broad exemptions + Unlicensed Health Care Practice Act)
- 14. New York (Certification; title protection/no exclusive scope)
- 15. North Carolina (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed regd. for MNT)
- 16. North Dakota (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed regd. for MNT)

- 17. Pennsylvania (Licensure; title protection/no exclusive scope)
- 18. Puerto Rico (Licensure; exclusive scope, licensed reqd. for MNT)
- 19. Washington (Certification; title protection/no exclusive scope)
- 20. <u>Virginia</u> (title protection/no exclusive scope; *NO BOARD/recognition in statute only*)

46 US Jurisdictions (41 states + DC + 2 territories) where CNSs can legally practice.

The highlighted areas include 20 jurisdictions where Clinical Nutrition Specialists (CNSs) can obtain licensure or certification, plus Virginia, where CNSs are recognized through title protection. Not all states offer licensure or formal recognition for CNSs. However, in some of these states, licensure or recognition is optional, allowing CNSs to practice personalized nutrition (excluding Medical Nutrition Therapy or MNT). MNT typically refers to nutrition care services aimed at managing diseases or medical conditions, and its definition varies by state. Additionally, some states may limit the practice of MNT or permit CNSs to work under specific exemptions.

- 1. Alaska
- 2. Arizona
- 3. Arkansas
- 4. California
- 5. Colorado
- Connecticut
- 7. Delaware
- 8. District of Columbia
- 9. Florida
- 10. Georgia (*exclusive scope state for RDs, but individuals with a masters degree or higher in human nutrition, food and nutrition, dietetics, food systems management, or nutrition education, or who have a doctorate in nutritional biochemistry are exempt from the law and may provide nutrition services without a license)
- 11. Guam
- 12. Hawaii
- 13. Idaho
- 14. Illinois
- 15. Indiana
- 16. Kentucky
- 17. Louisiana
- 18. Maine
- 19. Maryland
- 20. Massachusetts
- 21. Michigan
- 22. Minnesota

- 23. Mississippi (*exclusive scope state and CNSs cannot be licensed, so still red on map; BUT rules revised in 2022, CNSs can practice all but MNT, with disclosures)
- 24. Missouri (*exclusive scope state and CNSs cannot be licensed, so still red on map; BUT an exemption passed in 2021 allows CNSs to practice all but MNT, with disclosures)
- 25. Nevada
- 26. New Hampshire
- 27. New Jersey
- 28. New Mexico
- 29. New York
- 30. North Carolina
- 31. North Dakota
- 32. Ohio currently, licenses can only be issued via reciprocity
- 33. Oklahoma
- 34. Oregon
- 35. Pennsylvania
- 36. Puerto Rico
- 37. Rhode Island
- 38. South Carolina
- 39. Texas
- 40. Utah
- 41. Vermont
- 42. Virginia
- 43. Washington
- 44. West Virginia
- 45. Wisconsin
- 46. Wyoming

7 states where CNSs cannot practice individualized nutrition counseling:

- 1. Alabama
- 2. Iowa
- 3. Kansas
- 4. Montana
- 5. Nebraska
- 6. South Dakota
- 7. Tennessee